



Using Tax Savings to Buy Your New Aircraft

Due to Favorable Depreciation and Interest Rates, Tax Savings Can Exceed Payment Cost for the First Five Years.

New aircraft purchased in 2008 generally qualify for 50% bonus depreciation. The balance of the cost is generally recovered over a five year period or an accelerated basis. In addition, for acquisitions during 2008, a small business, (defined as a taxpayer that invests less than \$1,050,000 in capital improvements in a tax year), can write off up to \$250,000, before calculating depreciation on the balance. Although the Internal Revenue Code provides for an accelerated cost recovery method for aircraft, commercial financing is generally available with minimal down payments and 20 year amortization with low interest rates. Through this combination of favorable financing and very rapid tax depreciation recovery, it is often possible for an aircraft owner to have little, if any invested beyond tax savings for the first five years of ownership. An example is illustrated in the chart below.

Phenom 100 - cost \$3,100,000, acquire 07/01/08, 6.0% interest, 10% down, 20 year amortization.

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
New Aircraft Costs	3,100,000				
Down payment	310,000				
Annual principal payments	36,686	76,750	81,484	86,510	91,845
Annual interest payments	83,244	163,111	158,377	153,351	148,016
Total cash payments	429,931	239,861	239,861	239,861	239,861
Income tax deductions					
Depreciation	1,860,000	496,000	297,600	178,560	178,560
Depreciation %	60.00%	16.00%	9.60%	5.76%	5.76%
Interest payments above	83,244	163,111	158,377	153,351	148,016
Total income tax deductions	1,943,244	659,111	455,977	331,911	326,576
Income tax savings (Federal, State = 41.5%)	806,446	273,531	189,231	137,743	135,529
Net after tax cash flow (increase)	(376,516)	(33,670)	50,631	102,118	104,332
Net after tax cash flow cumulative	(376,516)	(410,186)	(359,555)	(257,437)	(153,105)
Average monthly after tax cash flow - 60 months (INCREASE)					(2,686)

The preceding chart outlines the tax results that an aircraft used 100% for business purposes. The decision on how to acquire an aircraft should be made with care including consideration of not just federal income tax consequences, but also FAA issues, liability issues, state and local tax issues, federal excise tax issues, and operation and financial considerations.

[Advocate Aircraft Taxation Company](#) is in the business of assisting aircraft owners and operators in acquiring, maintaining, and disposing of aircraft in a tax efficient manner. Services include the reduction of sales tax on acquisitions, the maximization of income tax savings, the minimization of exposure for federal excise taxes, and the minimization of imputed income for personal use of aircraft. The firm is comprised of Attorneys and Certified Public Accountants whose practice is limited to the taxation of aircraft.

Louis M. Meiners, Jr., CPA
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 (888) 325-1942
loum@advocatetax.com

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